

STACKABLE HEAT SINK

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 I. Field of the Invention

This invention relates generally to a heat sink and, more specifically, to a stackable heat sink that each heat dissipation plate can fasten and stack with other heat dissipation plates with certain distance to form heat dissipation gaps, the present invention differs from other heat sinks need plugging boards to be insert into each heat dissipation plate.

10 The top of the heat sink combination is fastener to stable the whole structure; the scheme can lower manufacturing cost, offer higher manufacturing capability and ease of manufacturing.

II. Description of the Prior Art

15 Heretofore, it is known that most of the heat sinks are made of aluminum by extrusion molding or stamping to have a plurality number of fins in proper distance, the heat is dissipated from the fins with large area to lower the temperature, the one-body structure has a definite shape and specification can be used in certain area, the fins of the heat sink only has limited quantity, the heat dissipation effect is also limited. Now, a
20 combinational heat sinks are available, the structure consists of many stackable heat dissipation plates, by increasing the numbers of heat dissipation plates to increase the heat dissipation area; however the stacking method is to have those heat dissipation plates sit side by side without sufficient heat dissipation space, the heat dissipation effect is not so good as expected.

25 Some of the combinational heat sinks besides heat dissipation plates, they also provide a base for assembly: many plugging slots with straight plugging boards, through slots are on the heat dissipation plates for the plugging boards, the plugging boards stabilize the heat dissipation plates, a fastener is pressed on top of the heat dissipation plates, the combination of the plugging boards and the fastener fasten and stabilize the

whole structure; however such scheme takes too many components and causes the assembly very complex, all the components need extra tooling to manufacture, the whole manufacturing cost is very high. The height of the heat sink structure is limited by the definite height of the plugging board without too much variation.

- 5 The “Linkage Mechanism of Heat Sink”, Taiwan pattern No. 516794, is to have all the heat dissipation plates in a fastener format and form into a heat sink, as shown in FIG 1, the folding plate (A1) of the heat dissipation plate forms a through hole (A2) that penetrate through the folding plate (A1), a side plate (A3) extends out from the folding plate (A1), the side plate (A3) with the size is the same as the through hole (A2) and is on
10 the other side corresponding to the heat dissipation plate, a bendable fastener plate (A4) is formed in the side plate (A3). During assembly, the bendable fastener plate (A4) is the stable mechanism of the adjacent heat dissipation plates in horizontal direction for the through hole (A2) is on the folding plate (A1). However if the heat dissipation plates suffer a external pulling stress, the bendable fastener plate (A4) might bend and depart
15 from the through hole (A2), such structure is not strong enough.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is therefore a primary object of the invention to provide a stackable heat sink for
20 lower manufacturing cost, offer higher manufacturing capability and ease of manufacturing.

It is still an objective of this invention to provide a stackable heat sink in which the structure is made by stamping in one-body.

In order to achieve the objective set forth, a stackable heat sink in accordance with
25 the present invention comprises a plurality numbers of heat dissipation plates, the heat dissipation plate further comprises a bottom plate, two side plates facing each other locates on both sides of the bottom plate, a bending area is bent from the top of the side plate, two standing plates stretches up from the bending area and facing another standing plate, two fastening plates each is formed on the proper location on the standing plate, the

fastening plate is bendable and forms a bending line with the standing plate; two fastening crevices each is located on the junction of the bottom plate and the side plate. When two of the heat dissipation plates stack together, the standing plate of the bottom heat dissipation plate inserts into the fastening crevice of the top heat dissipation plate to make
5 the lower portion of the bending line of the fastening plate fastened on the bottom plate of the top heat dissipation plate, the two heat dissipation plates are fastened closely, a distance is formed for heat dissipation.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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The accomplishment of the above-mentioned object of the present invention will become apparent from the following description and its accompanying drawings which disclose illustrative an embodiment of the present invention, and are as follows:

- 15 FIG 1 is a cross-sectional view of the linkage of the prior art;
FIG 2 is a structure view of the present invention;
FIG 3 is a cross-sectional of the present invention;
FIG 4 is an assembly view of the present invention;
FIG 5 is an application view the present invention;
20 FIG 6 is a perspective view the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Referring to FIG 2 and FIG 3, the present invention is composed of many stackable
25 heat dissipation plate (1), the heat dissipation plate (1) further composes of a bottom plate (11), two side plate (12) facing each other are on both sides of the bottom plate (11), referring g to FIG 2, the heat dissipation plate (1) is made from stamping. The side plate (12) bends inward and forms a bending area (13); a standing plate (14) stretches up from the bending area (13) and faces another standing plate (14). A fastening plate (15) is

formed on the proper location on the standing plate (14), the fastening plate (15) is a bendable plate; a bending line (151) is on the junction of the standing plate (14) and the fastening plate (15), the bending line (151) stretches vertically to the standing plate (14) to make the fastening plate (15) bendable to the center of the heat dissipation plate (1). A
5 fastening crevice (16) is on the junction of the bottom plate (11), the side plate (12) and corresponding to the bending area (13), the standing plate (14).

Referring to FIG 3 and FIG 4, when two heat dissipation plate (1) stack together, the standing plate (14) of the bottom heat dissipation plate (1) inserts into the fastening crevice (16) of the top heat dissipation plate (1) to make lower portion of the bending line
10 (151) of the fastening plate (15) fasten on the bottom plate (11) of the top heat dissipation plate (1), the fastening plate (15) will not loose easily to make the top and the bottom heat dissipation plate (1) tight together closely as shown in FIG 5.

When all the heat dissipation plate (1) fasten together, the bottom of all the heat dissipation plate (1) form a larger heat dissipation area; with the separation of the side
15 plate (12), the overall heat sink can have good heat dissipation gap to make each of the bottom plate (11) of the heat dissipation plate (1) dissipates heat effectively for the best heat dissipation effect. The present invention applies the fastening of each heat dissipation plate (1) closely that is different from the plugging board among heat dissipation plates of the prior art, the manufacturing cost is lower, and the assembly method is simpler.

20 While a preferred embodiment of the invention has been shown and described in detail, it will be readily understood and appreciated that numerous omissions, changes and additions may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.